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## ENZYMES FOR GREENER CONSUMER PRODUCTS AND FOR A HEALTHY ZERO-PLASTIC POLLUTED ENVIRONMENT

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### PURPOSE OF THE ABSTRACT

Today, the chemosphere's and biosphere's compositions of the planet are changing faster than experienced during the past thousand year. This is a consequence of, first, the rising of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion, including those from processing, manufacturing and consuming everyday products [1]. Second, the increase of the pollution level; indeed, about 140000 artificial chemicals and mixtures of chemicals, including plastics and micro-plastics, are currently produced, 220 billion-tons of which are produced and disposed each year [1]. How do we deal with the green transition to minimize global warming like CO<sub>2</sub> and pollution? One of the solutions is to use renewable natural resources, namely, the working parts of its living systems, the enzymes. We review the consequences of climate change and chemical pollution at multiple scales and how enzymes can counteract or mitigate them. We then focus on how they mobilize sustainable and greener innovations in consumer products that have a high contribution to global carbon emissions, and how they can help reaching a healthy zero-pollution environment. Lessons learnt from past and present effort to retrieve enzymes through naïve- and bioinformatics-based metagenomics, and to engineer variants by machine learning and meta-data integration, are discussed. Recent findings in a number of target enzymes, particularly, hydrolases relevant to lipid' and plastic' hydrolysis, are finally discussed.

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## FIGURES

FIGURE 1

FIGURE 2

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### KEYWORDS

natural resources | hydrolases | climate change | engineer

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### BIBLIOGRAPHY

[1] Intasian P., Prakinee K., et al. Enzymes, in vivo biocatalysis, and metabolic engineering for enabling a circular economy and sustainability (2021). Chem Rev 121:10367-10451.