

$N^\circ 639$ / KL TOPIC(s) : Enzyme discovery and engineering / Biocatalytic cascade reactions

Challenging enzymes with non-natural substrates and reaction conditions to reveal unexplored activities

AUTHORS

Wolfgang KROUTIL / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Amit SINGH / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HUMBOLDTSTRASSE, GRAZ Nakia POLIDORI / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, GRAZ, GRAZ Erna ZUKIC / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Willelm BREUKELAAR / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Mathias PICKL-FARNBERGER / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Francesco MASCIA / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Valerio FERRARIO / BASF, CARL-BOSCH-STRASSE, LUDWIGSHAFEN Christian WILLRODT / BASF, CARL-BOSCH-STRASSE, LUDWIGSHAFEN Anton GLIEDER / TU GRAZ, PETERSGASSE 14, GRAZ Silvia GLUECK / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HEINRICHSTRASSE 28, GRAZ Karl GRUBER / UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ, HUMBOLDTSTRASS, GRAZ

PURPOSE OF THE ABSTRACT

Enzymes have been recognized as rather flexible not only in their structure but also concerning their substrate tolerance. Even the functional groups which are transformed may be varied. We will show in the talk, that (1) by challenging enzymes with functional groups not known as part of metabolic pathways, novel activities can be identified. Furthermore, (2) by providing non-natural reagents and conditions, novel activities can be launched and (3) by exploiting kinetic effects, reactions can be performed not expected in water.

The reduction of oximes has until recently been elusive using a defined enzyme. Interestingly, we found that several ene-reductases reduce the oxime functionality, thus a C=N bond, of β -keto- α -oximo esters to the corresponding amino group [1]. Due to the functionalization of the amine formed, subsequent non-enzymatic cyclization and oxidation occurred yielding tetrasubstituted pyrazines. Analyzing the exact pathway of the two-step enzyme-catalyzed reduction by mechanistic studies including crystallography and MD simulation revealed, that the imine must be the intermediate [2]. Subsequent studies showed even more functional groups which can be transformed [3].

A demethylation of methyl phenyl ethers was enabled by a cobalamin-dependent enzyme under anaerobic conditions to diversify natural substrates including wood derived building blocks [4,5]. While demethylation is described under oxidative conditions, anaerobic conditions would be preferred to avoid possible side reactions of the functionalized phenol products.

Amide formation is one of the most important reactions in industrial pharmaceutical synthesis [6]. In general amide formation using hydrolases from acids requires organic solvents [7]. Alternatively, one may start from the ester. By choosing appropriate conditions and substrates anilides were formed in buffer [8].

FIGURE 1

FIGURE 2

KEYWORDS

promiscuity | amines | oximes | amide

BIBLIOGRAPHY

S. Velikogne; W. B. Breukelaar; F. Hamm; R. A. Glabonjat; W. Kroutil, ACS Catal. 2020, 10, 13377-13382.
W. B. Breukelaar, N. Polidori, A. Singh, B. Daniel, S. M. Glueck, K. Gruber, W. Kroutil, ACS Catal. 2023, 13, 2610-2618.

[3] unpublished results.

[4] C. Grimm, S. Pompei, K. Egger, M. Fuchs, W. Kroutil, RSC Adv. 2023, 13, 5770-5777.

[5] S. Pompei, C. Grimm, C. Schiller, L. Schober, W. Kroutil, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2021, 60, 16906-16910.

[6] D. J. Constable, P. J. Dunn, J. D. Hayler, G. R. Humphrey, J. L. Leazer, R. J. Linderman, K. Lorenz, J. Manley, B. A. Pearlman, A. Wells, A. Zaks, T. Y. Zhang, Green Chem. 2007, 9, 411-420.

[7] J. Pitzer, K. Steiner, C. Schmid, V. K. Schein, C. Prause, C. Kniely, M Reif, M. Geier, E. Pietrich, T. Reiter, P. Selig, C. Stückler, P. Pöchlauer, G. Steinkellner, K. Gruber, H. Schwab, A. Glieder, W. Kroutil, Green Chem. 2022, 24, 5171-5180.

[8] A. Żądło-Dobrowolska, N. G. Schmidt, W. Kroutil, Chem. Commun. 2018, 54, 3387-3390.